

University of Portland School of Engineering

<u>EE 262-δignals & δystems-3 cr. hrs.</u> <u>Spring 2016</u>

Midterm Exam # 2

(Prepared by Professor A. S. Inan)

(Friday, April 8, 2016) (Closed Book Exam, formula sheets allowed.) (Total Time: 55 mins.) (Any 7 of 10 problems in-class, other 3 take-home!)

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(1)(10 points) **Unilateral Laplace transform.** Find the unilateral Laplace transform of the signal given by

$$x(t) = 4e^{3-2t}u(t-1)$$

(2)(10 points) **Unilateral Laplace transform.** Find the unilateral Laplace transform of the signal x(t) given by

$$x(t) = 4r(t+1) - 8r(t) + 4r(t-1)$$

(Hint: Sketch the signal.)

(3)(10 points) **Inverse Laplace transform.** Find the inverse Laplace transform of the signal given by

$$X(s) = \frac{3s^2 + 16s + 81}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$$

(4) (Total: 10 points) **Unilateral Laplace transform.** Given the Laplace transform pair:

$$x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s) = \frac{3s}{s^2 + 4}$$

Find the unilateral Laplace transform of the following signals:

(a) (5 points) f(t) = x(3t-6)

(b) (5 points)
$$g(t) = x(t) * \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$$

(5)(10 points) Applications of Laplace transform to solve differential equations. Find y(t) for t > 0 of the differential equation with the specified input signal and the initial condition:

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 3y(t) = 5x(t), \ x(t) = 2e^{-t}u(t), \ y(0^{-}) = -4$$

(6) (10 points) (10 points) **Application of Laplace transform to electric circuits.** For the electric circuit shown, the input voltage signal x(t) is given by $x(t) = 4e^{-t}u(t) - 6u(-t)$ V. Use Laplace-domain circuit to find the output voltage signal y(t) for $t \ge 0$.



(7)(10 points) **Transfer function and impulse response.** Find the transfer function H(s) and the impulse response h(t) of the electric circuit shown.



(8) (10 points) **Fourier transform.** Find the Fourier transform of the signal shown.



(9) (10 points) Fourier transform. Given the Fourier-transform pair:

$$x(t) \leftrightarrow \hat{X}(\omega) = \begin{cases} 10, & |\omega| < 5\\ 0, & |\omega| > 5 \end{cases}$$

Sketch the Fourier transform of $y(t) = x(t)\cos(3t)$. (That is, sketch $\hat{Y}(\omega)$ versus ω .)

(10) (10 points) Fourier transform. Given the signal x(t) to be

$$x(t) = \left[\frac{6\sin(3t)}{\pi t}\right] * \left[\frac{\sin(5t)}{2t}\right]$$

Sketch the Fourier transform of x(t). (That is, sketch $\hat{X}(\omega)$ versus ω .)