

The University of Portland
Donald P. Shiley School of Engineering

EE352
Electronic Circuits II
HOMEWORK 6

Assigned: Wed, Mar 18, 2020
Due: Fri, Mar 27, 2020
Exam: Mon, Apr 6, 2020 (Closed-Book, 2 crib-sheets, calculator)

Problems:

- 1) Consider the opamp circuit in Fig. P11.106 (pg. 919 in your text). Assume the opamp has an $A(s) = (2/3) \times 10^6 / s$. Assume the feedback resistor is 100Ω (not $100k\Omega$).
 - a) Using hand analysis, calculate the PM.
 - b) Confirm your PM answer in part a) above in matlab using “margin(LG)” as shown in class. Take a screen shot and hand in with your homework.
 - c) Using hand analysis, find the closed-loop transfer function, $T(s)$. In matlab, sketch the pole-zero plot using “pzmap” as shown in class. In matlab, sketch the bode plots of $T(s)$ using “bode(T)” as shown in class. Take screen shots of both the matlab pzmap and bode plots and hand in with your homework.
 - d) In matlab, sketch the step response using “step(T)” as shown in class. Take screen shot and hand in with your homework.

- 2) A negative feedback servo-system used to rotate a roof-top antenna is schematically shown in the Figure on the reverse page. This is a “position-sensitive” feedback system as discussed in class. The two potentiometers convert the angular positions, θ_i and θ_o , to corresponding voltages, V_i and V_o , through the transfer function, $V = K_p \theta$ where $K_p = 5V/rad$. The output voltage, V_o , is subtracted from the input voltage, V_i , and the result is multiplied by $10V/V$ through a gain stage yielding $V_{error} = 10(V_i - V_o)$. V_{error} then drives the motor. Assume the following: (1) the total Moment of Inertia of the entire output mechanism (antenna, antenna shaft, motor rotor, and potentiometer) is $J = 2kg \cdot m^2$, (2) the torque provided by the motor is $G = 10N \cdot m/A$ multiplied by the armature current, I_a (i.e. $\tau = GI_a = 10I_a$) and, (3) the motor can be modeled as an armature resistor, $R_a = 10\Omega$, in series with an ω -dependent voltage generator known as the “Back-EMF Voltage” where $V_{BEMF} = G\omega$ as shown in class.
 - a) Sketch the closed-loop, negative feedback block diagram which relates θ_o and θ_i . Find the closed-loop Transfer Function, $A_f(s) = \theta_o(s) / \theta_i(s)$.
 - b) Determine the Bode Plots of $A_f(s)$ using matlab (bode). What is the “characteristic frequency”, ω_n , of this electromechanical servo-system ?
 - c) Using matlab (pzmap), plot the location of the closed-loop poles of $A_f(s)$ in the complex plane (σ vs $j\omega$). By inspection, is the system stable ?
 - d) Calculate the Loop Gain, $LG(s)$ of this servo-system. Determine the system’s Phase Margin and Gain Margin using matlab (margin).

